

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES
Court of Tax Appeals
QUEZON CITY

Second Division

PEOPLE OF THE PHILIPPINES, **CTA Crim. Case No. O-035**
Plaintiff, (I.S. NO. 06A-00393)

For: VIOL. OF SEC. 255
TAX CODE OF 1997

-versus-

Members:

RINGPIS-LIBAN, *Chairperson*,
MODESTO-SAN PEDRO, *and*
FERRER-FLORES, JJ.

REGINA S. RAMOS,
668 Muelle de Binondo St.
Binondo, Manila

Promulgated:

Accused.

AUG 09 2024

8:13 AM

X -----

RESOLUTION

The instant Information was filed on September 26, 2006.

Since then, the Court has issued a Warrant of Arrest¹ and an Alias Warrant of Arrest² against accused.

After a review of the records, however, the Court finds that We never properly gained jurisdiction over this Information, as the same was filed beyond the period prescribed by law to do so.

Under *Section 281 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended* (“NIRC”), the government has five years from either the commission of the crime or the date of its discovery within which to prosecute any violation of the NIRC. The period is interrupted when “proceedings are instituted against the guilty persons.” In the case of criminal actions heard before the CTA in Division, such as in this case, proceedings are deemed instituted upon the filing of an Information with the CTA, following *Rule 9, Section 2 of the Revised Rules of the Court of Tax Appeals, as amended*.

¹ *Rollo*, pp. 55.

² *Id.* at 70.

Finally, following *Lim v. Court of Appeals*³ and *Tupaz v. Ulep*,⁴ the prescriptive period then started upon the commission of the suspected crime, which the Supreme Court identified with the finality of the assessment, attained after the lapse of 30 days from the taxpayer's receipt of the assessment, coupled with the taxpayer's willful refusal to pay the assessed taxes within the period for doing so.

The Information claims that the crime was committed "on or about July 10, 2001." However, the relevant assessment notice here is Assessment Notice No. 30-1- -98⁵ ("AN"). While nothing in the records definitively shows when accused received it, said AN was issued on July 10, 2001, making August 10, 2001 the start of the prescriptive period. This gave the prosecution until August 10, 2006 within which to file its Information.

The Information was filed on September 26, 2006, however. The government's right to prosecute this case had thus prescribed before the instant Information was filed, and the CTA never truly gained jurisdiction over this case.

There is consequently nothing left for this Court to do but to dismiss this case.

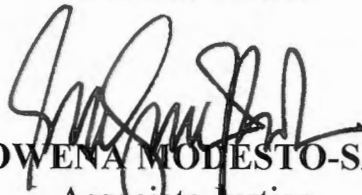
ACCORDINGLY, CTA Crim. Case No. O-035 is hereby **REVIVED** from the archives but also **DISMISSED** on the ground of prescription.

SO ORDERED.



MA. BELEN M. RINGPIS-LIBAN

Associate Justice



MARIA ROWENA MODESTO-SAN PEDRO

Associate Justice



CORAZON G. FERRER-FLORES

Associate Justice

³ G.R. Nos. L-48134-37, October 18, 1990.

⁴ G.R. No. 127777, October 1, 1999.

⁵ *Rollo*, pp. 10-11. Notably, there is a blank space between "1-" and "-98."